

MACICALOZIS

CONSTRUCTION SITE DEWATERING DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION UNDER MAG910000

454 BROOKLINE AVENUE

BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS

for

US Environmental Protection Agency and Boston Water & Sewer Commission



November 3, 2006

Geotechnical Engineers

US Environmental Protection Agency RGP - NOC Processing Municipal Assistance Unit One Congress Street, Suite 1100 Boston, MA 02114

Attention:

Mr. George Papadopoulos

Boston Water & Sewer Commission 980 Harrison Avenue Boston, MA 0211

Attention:

Mr. Francis McLaughlin

Reference:

454 Brookline Avenue; Boston, Massachusetts

Temporary Construction Dewatering Discharge Permit Application

Under Massachusetts General Permit No. MĀG910000

This letter report was prepared by McPhail Associates, Inc. on behalf of J. Derenzo Co. in support of an application for permission from the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the City of Cambridge Department of Public Works (DPW) for the temporary discharge of groundwater into a storm drain line, and ultimately into the Charles River, for the purpose of construction dewatering at the above referenced location. Refer to **Figure 1** for the general site locus. The required US EPA Notice of Intent (NOI) and the City of Cambridge Permit to Dewater are included in **Appendix A**.

Applicant

J. Derenzo Co. 338 Howard Street Brockton, MA 02302

Contact:

Mr. Steve Winn 508-427-6441

Telephone:

Existing Site Conditions

Fronting onto Brookline Avenue to the north, the subject site consists of a rectangularly shaped parcel of about 37,000 square feet in area and is bounded to the east by Jimmy Fund Way, to the south by a 12-story medical building and to the west by a paved alleyway. The majority of the site is occupied by a one-story building with an adjoining two-story building. The remainder of the site consists of a paved parking lot, about 7,500 square feet in area, fronting onto Jimmy Fund Way.

The existing ground surface across the site slopes gently downwards to the north, varying from approximately Elevation +45 feet at the southwestern corner of the subject site to about Elevation +38 feet at the northeastern corner, across a horizontal distance of approximately 280 feet.



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Ground surface elevations are referenced to the City of Boston Datum which is 5.65 feet below the National Vertical Geodetic Datum (NGVD).

Site Environmental Setting and Background Information

The site is not located within a Zone II of a public water supply, an Interim Wellhead Protection Area, a Potentially Productive Aquifer or a Zone A of a Class A surface water supply, as defined in the Massachusetts Contingency Plan (MCP). There are no surface water bodies located within the site boundaries. The nearest surface water body is Muddy River that is classified as a Class B Surface Water, located approximately 1,000 feet southwest from the site. Muddy River is a tributary to the Charles River. There are no known private or public drinking water supply wells located either within the site boundaries nor within 0.5 mile of the site, and groundwater at the subject site is not considered a current or potential source of drinking water.

The subject site address is listed by the Massachusetts DEP as a Disposal Site under Release Tracking Number (RTN) 3-13899 for a release of No. 2 fuel oil that was discovered on June 12, 1996 during the removal of a former underground fuel oil storage tank (UST) that was located adjacent to the existing building. Reportedly, the UST was removed along with petroleum-impacted soil. The current Massachusetts DEP database indicates that on December 10, 2004 a Class A-2 Response Action Outcome (RAO) Statement was submitted to the DEP for the release listed under the above RTN. Under the MCP, a Class A-2 RAO is predicated upon a condition of No Significant Risk for unrestricted usage of the disposal site and constitutes a Permanent Solution, as defined in the Massachusetts Contingency Plan (MCP) 310 CMR 40.0000.

During December 2004, GEI Consultants, Inc. (GEI) performed additional subsurface investigation at the site which consisted of eight borings designated as B-301 through B-308. The approximate boring locations performed by GEI are shown on the enclosed **Figure 2**. Details regarding the subsurface conditions encountered in the explorations are presented below.

In addition, GEI submitted two soil samples obtained from the subsurface explorations to Accutest Laboratory for analyses for extractable petroleum hydrocarbons (EPH), volatile organics (VOCs), semivolatile organics (SVOCs), RCRA-5 metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead and mercury), PCBs, reactive cyanide, reactive sulfide and pH. Results of the soil chemical testing are summarized in **Table 1** and included in **Appendix B** in an electronic format.

In summary, the soil chemical analyses results indicate that none of the VOCs were detected at concentrations in excess of the laboratory reported method detection limits (MDL), which are well below the applicable MCP risk-based soil cleanup standards. Of the SVOCs tested for, the samples exhibited the presence of low levels of the polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) subset. None of the PAHs were detected at concentrations in excess of the applicable MCP risk-based cleanup standards. Of the EPH fractions, C11-C22 aromatics was detected at a concentration of 231 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg), which is well below the MCP risk-based cleanup standard of 800 mg/kg.

Finally, none of the RCRA-5 metals were detected at concentrations in excess of the applicable MCP soil cleanup standards. It should be noted that total chromium was detected in one sample at a level in excess of the S-1 soil cleanup standard, but well below that S-2 and S-3 standard of 200 mg/kg. Under the MCP, the S-1 cleanup standard is used to assess the risk of harm to human health during a direct contact with the soil.



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Under current site conditions and for the proposed future usage of the site, an exposure pathway that involves direct contact by human receptors is not considered applicable to the site.

Based on the above, it is concluded that the readily available soil chemical test data does not indicate the presence of a release of oil and/or hazardous material (OHM) at the site that requires implementation of a response action under the MCP.

Site History and Usage

According to readily available historic information, the site has been occupied by a the current medical building for nearly fifty years. During the early 1900s the site was occupied by a residence. Subsequently, during the 1940s and early 1950s the site was occupied by an auto body shop and a car dealership. A portion of the site, fronting onto Jimmy Fund Way continued to be occupied by a residence.

Reportedly, during the late 1950s the auto body shop and the car dealership vacated the site, and the buildings were utilized for medical research. In addition, during about mid-1950s the residential building was demolished and this portion of the site, fronting onto Jimmy Fund Way, has since been use as a paved parking lot to-date.

Abutting property to the south was occupied by residential buildings until about the mid-1960s. From about the mid-1960s to the late 1970s this property remained a vacant lot. Subsequently, during 1979 a central heating and power plant was constructed on the vacant lot to provide steam heat and power to the various medical buildings that surround the site.

Property located adjacent to the site, across from Jimmy Fund Way, has been occupied since 1973 by a medical research building. Prior usage of this property involved the presence of a warehouse for the storage of school supplies by the Boston School Department. Other nearby property, along Binney and Francis Streets have been occupied by medical buildings for over fifty years.

Proposed Site Development

It is understood that the proposed site development includes the construction of a multi-story new medical building of which the below-grade portion is understood to occupy a 200-foot by 180-foot rectangularly-shaped footprint and consists of six levels below-grade. The depth of the excavation for the lowest basement level is about 77 feet below the existing ground surface. The approximate limits of the proposed building footprint are shown on **Figure 2**.

Subsurface Conditions

A detailed description of the subsurface conditions underlying the site is presented in the boring logs that are contained in a report titled "Pre-Design Phase Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Brookline Avenue Building, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, Massachusetts" prepared by GEI Consultants, Inc. (GEI) and dated January 26, 2005. A copy of the GEI report is contained in **Appendix B** in an electronic format.



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In summary, the ground surface across the site is underlain by fill material that is typically less than 5 feet in thickness. Locally, the fill extends to a depth of about 12 feet below grade. The fill is typically described as brown silty sand with varying amounts of gravel, brick, ash and cinder. According to GEI, none of the fill samples exhibited the presence of visual or olfactory evidence of petroleum-related or VOC-related contamination. In addition, GEI reported that samples of the fill were screened for the presence of total volatile organics (TVOC). None of the screened samples exhibited TVOC readings that are indicative of the presence of VOCs.

Beneath the fill, the explorations encountered a deposit of marine clay ranging from about 45 feet to 76 feet in thickness. None of the marine clay samples exhibited the presence of visual or olfactory evidence of petroleum-related or VOC-related contamination. A layer of outwash sand was encountered beneath the marine clay, with a thickness ranging from about 8 feet to 23 feet. Below the outwash sand, the explorations encountered a glacial till deposit ranging in thickness from about 2 feet to 32 feet. This material is described as very dense, gray silty sand with varying amounts of gravel and occasional boulders. Finally, the glacial till was deposited directly on the underlying bedrock surface.

As indicated in the boring logs contained in **Appendix B**, the depths to groundwater across the site ranges widely from about 13.5 feet to about 36 feet below grade. The observed groundwater is considered to be perched on the surface of the relatively impervious marine clay. It is anticipated that future groundwater levels across the site may vary from those reported herein due to factors such as normal seasonal changes, periods of heavy precipitation, and alterations of existing drainage patterns.

Proposed Construction Dewatering

Based upon the configuration of the proposed medical building, with its six levels of below grade structure, as well as the conditions encountered in the subsurface explorations, the foundation of the proposed building will locally extend into the underlying bedrock. At other locations across the site, the proposed building foundation will extend into the glacial till.

The below-grade portion of the structure will be constructed utilizing slurry walls that will be socketed into the underlying bedrock. The proposed slurry walls will provide a cut-off from groundwater. Groundwater perched within the interior portion of the slurry walls will require pumping and off-site discharge. The majority of the anticipated dewatering will occur during excavation subsequent to the installation of the proposed slurry walls. Additional dewatering may occur during installation of the foundation.

It is estimated that the typical continuous groundwater discharge required during the initial stages of the excavation phase of the construction project will be on the order of 35 to 60 gallons per minute (GPM). The quantity of groundwater discharge is based on the relatively pervious nature of the existing fill and the presence of the slurry wall surrounding the excavation which will act as a groundwater cut-off. A reduction in the rate of discharge is anticipated to occur during excavation of the less permeable marine clay and glacial till. A discharge rate in the range of 30 to 40 GPM is anticipated during this stage of excavation. These estimates of discharge do not include surface runoff which will be removed from the excavation during a limited duration of precipitation events.



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Finally, it should be noted that on-site recharge is not considered feasible for the site. As indicated above, the slurry walls will not allow recharge within the building footprint, and the area situated outside the proposed building footprint is not considered sufficient for recharge of the anticipated volume of water pumped from the construction excavation.

A review of maps at the Boston Water & Sewer Commission indicate that a 15-inch diameter storm drain lines is located along Brookline Avenue adjacent to the site. The 15-inch line discharges into a 36-inch storm drain line at a junction located at the intersection of Brookline Avenue and Riverway, which discharges into Muddy River at Outfall No. SD 0161. Muddy River discharges into the Charles River at Charlesgate West.

Based on the results of groundwater chemical analyses discussed below, it is our opinion that no special treatment of the groundwater prior to discharge is required. However, the groundwater will be pumped from the excavation into a sedimentation tank in order to settle particulate matter out of the effluent prior to discharge to meet allowable discharge limits established in MAG910000.

The location of the storm drain and relevant catch basins in relation to the site are indicated on Figure 3 which is based on a 100-scale Sewer System Map No. 20G dated September 19, 2003.

Chemical Analyses of Groundwater Samples

١. **Dilution Factor Application for Metals**

A Dilution Factor (DF) was calculated for the detected levels of total metals pursuant to the procedure contained in MAG910000, Appendix V. The purpose of the DF calculation is to establish Total Recoverable Limits for metals, taking into consideration the anticipated dilution of the detected analytes upon discharge into the Charles River. The calculated DF was then used to find the appropriate Dilution Range Concentrations (DRCs) contained in MAG910000, Appendix IV.

The DF that was utilized in finding the appropriate DRCs was calculated as follows:

$$DF = (Qd + Qs)/Qd$$

Where:

Qd is the maximum discharge flow rate of 60 GPM = 0.1338 cubic feet per second (cfs). (1 GPM = 0.00223 cfs)

Qs is the receiving water flow rate (minimum for 7 consecutive days with a recurrence interval of 10 years)

The value for Qs used for identifying the DRCs contained in MAG 910000 Appendix IV is based on information provided by the US Geological Survey (USGS) - Massachusetts Stream Flow Data for the Charles River obtained at the nearest USGS gauging station located in Waltham. The Minimum Flow Rate reported by the USGS at the Waltham Gauging Station for 7 consecutive days with a recurrence interval of 10 years (7Q10 flow) is 31 cfs. However, since this survey station is located upstream of the proposed discharge location, and the flow rate of the Charles River at the proposed discharge location is anticipated to be less than the above 7Q10 value, a conservative assumption of one-half of the above 7Q10 value was used to calculate the DF. Therefore, the value for Qs is 15.5 cfs, thus resulting in DF = 116.8.



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Based on this DF value, the applicable DRCs contained in MAG910000, Appendix IV, are equal to those shown for DF>100. A summary of the metals Total Recoverable Limits (TRL) is presented in **Table 2**.

II. Groundwater Chemical Test Results

On October 19, 2006 a McPhail Associates obtained a groundwater sample from monitoring well MW-2 that is located at the site. See **Figure 2** for the approximate well location.

The groundwater sample was submitted to a Massachusetts DEP-certified chemical testing laboratory for analyses for the following parameters:

- 1. Volatile Organic Compounds (EPA Method 624)
- 2. Polynulclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), (EPA Method 8270)
- 3. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPA Method 1664)
- 4. Total Metals (arsenic, antimony, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, mercury, silver, selenium, thallium and zinc) EPA Methods 6020, 6010 and 245.2:
- 5. pH, EPA Method 150.1;
- 6. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) EPA Method 160.2; and
- 7. Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) EPA Method 330.1

The groundwater chemical analyses results, summarized in **Table 2** and included in **Appendix C**, indicate the following:

- 1. None of the VOCs were detected in the tested sample at concentrations in excess of the laboratory reported method detection limits (MDL), which are well below the MAG910000 limits;
- 2. None of the PAHs were detected in the tested sample at concentrations in excess of the MDLs, which are well below the MAG910000 limits;
- 3. TPH was not detected in the tested sample at a concentration in excess of the MDL, which is well below the MAG910000 limit;
- 4. None of the total metals were detected in at concentrations in excess of the TRLs contained in MAG910000 Appendix IV limits. Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, nickel, selenium, silver and zinc were detected at concentrations that are orders of magnitude below the TRLs. The remaining total metals (antimony, beryllium, lead, mercury and thallium) were not detected at concentrations in excess of the MDLs, which are well below the above referenced TRLs; and
- Total suspended solids (TSS) was not detected at a level in excess of the MDL, which well below the MAG910000 limit of 30 mg/l, total residual chlorine (TRC) was not detected in the tested sample and pH was measured at 6.5 Standard Units, which is within the range of 6.5 - 8.3 SU for discharge into a Class B Surface Water.



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Summary and Conclusions

Proposed development of the site includes the construction of a building that will occupy most of the site area and will contain a six-level below grade structure. Excavation for the below-grade structure will require the implementation of a temporary construction dewatering system and discharge of the effluent off-site.

Based on information provided to McPhail Associates by the Boston Water and Sewer Commission, it is anticipated that temporary discharge of the effluent from the construction site will be implemented utilizing a storm drain line located beneath Brookline Avenue that discharges into the Muddy River and ultimately into the Charles River.

The results of the groundwater chemical tests indicate that the effluent meets the discharge limits contained in MAG910000 and in Appendix IV of the MAG910000.

Based on the groundwater chemical test results, it is concluded that special treatment of the effluent is not required in order to meet the MAG910000 Discharge Limits. However, the effluent will be pumped through a sedimentation tank in order to remove the particulate matter and meet the TSS Limit contained in MAG910000. Sampling and chemical testing of the influent and effluent will be performed in accordance with the requirements contained in MAG910000.

We trust that the above satisfies your present requirements. Please do not hesitate to contact us should you have any questions or require additional information.

Very truly yours,

Afrie BarJosef. P

McPHAIL ASSOCIATES, INC.

JOBS\4591 RGP Application and NOI

Ericlosures

cc:





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30 Norfolk Street Cambridge, MA 02139 617/868-1420 617/868-1423 (Fax)

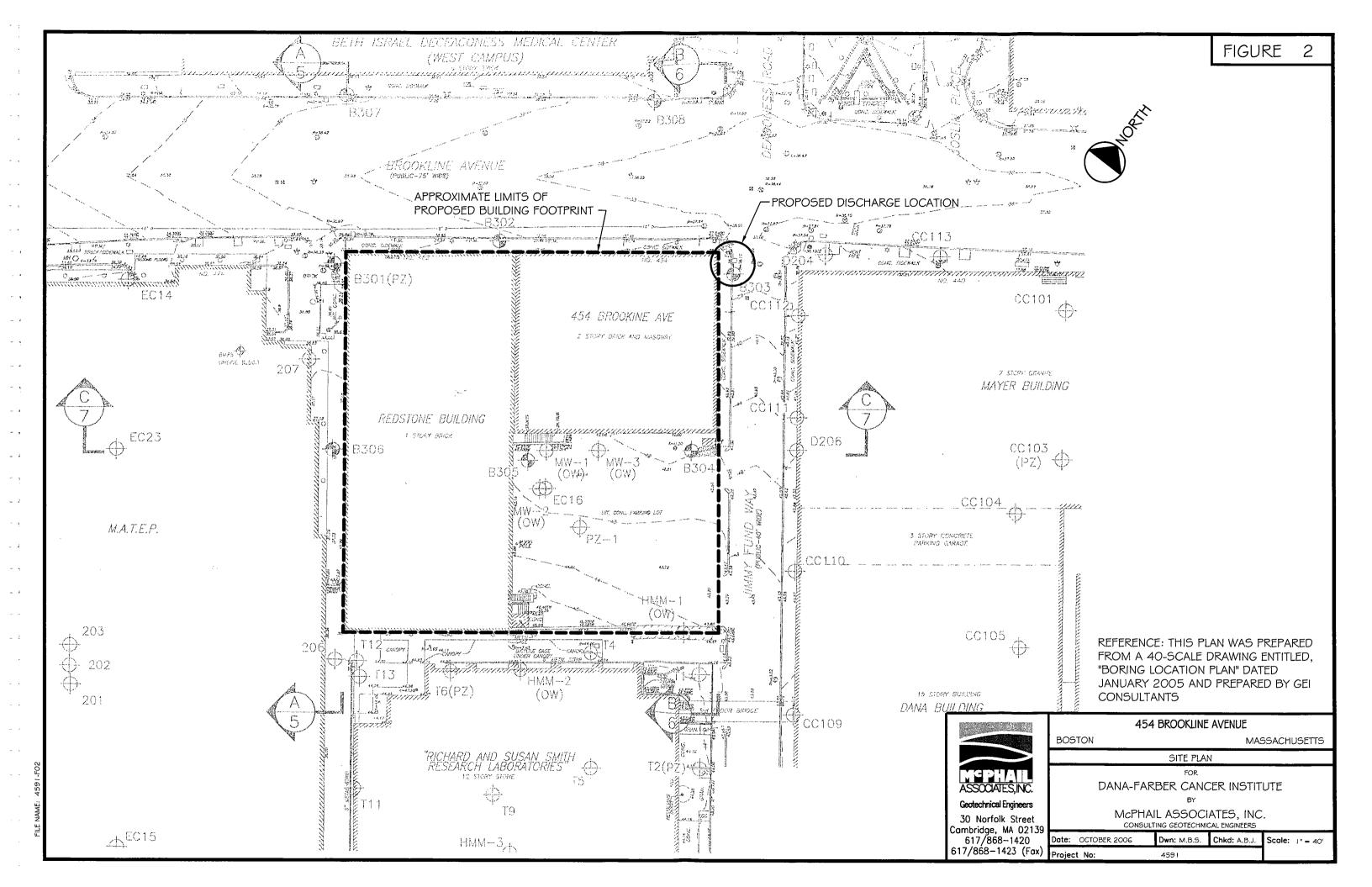


PROJECT LOCATION PLAN

454 BROOKLINE AVENUE

BOSTON

MASSACHUSETTS



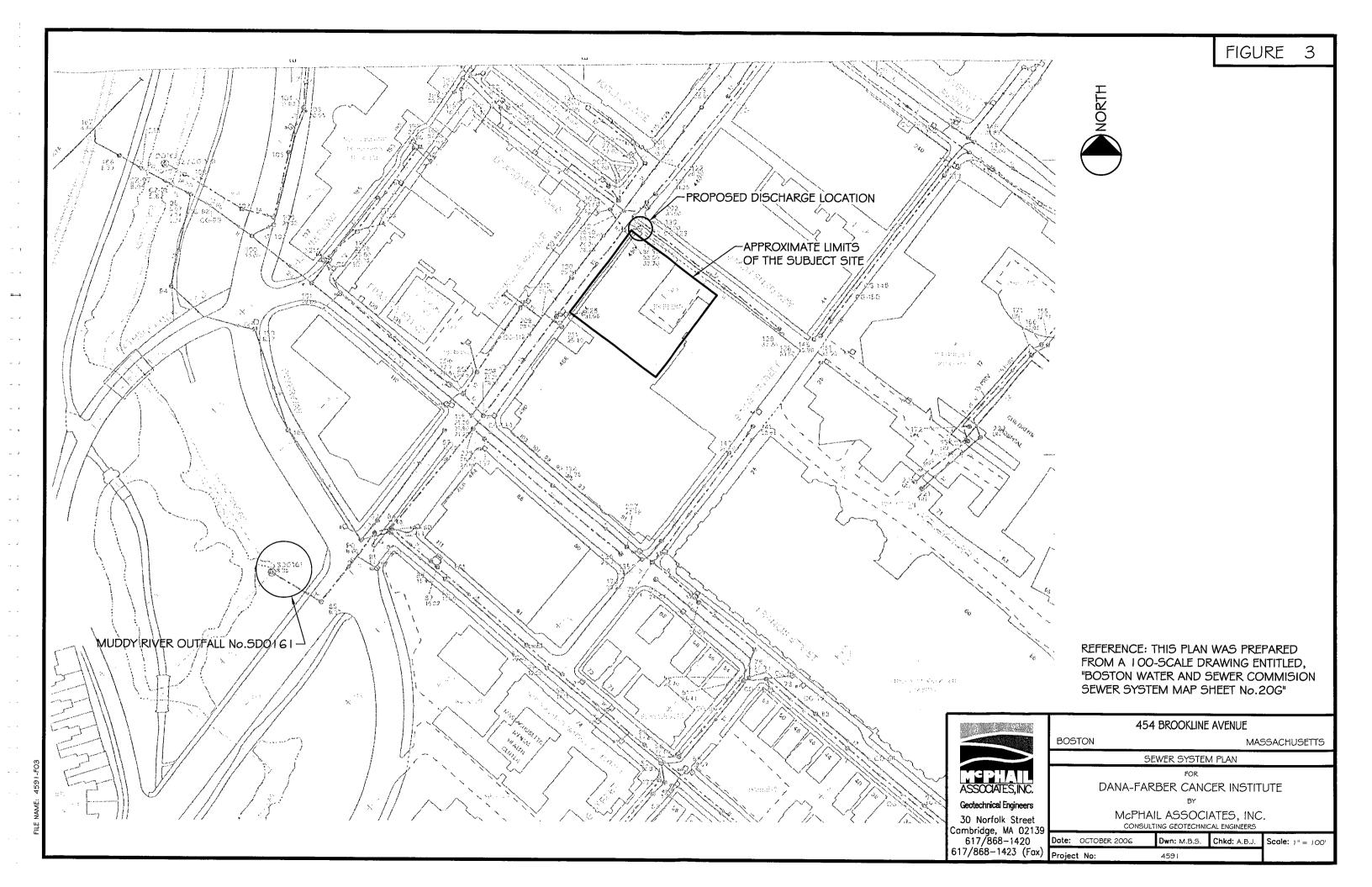


Table 1 CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS - SOIL SAMPLES Job Number 4591

(All results in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) unless noted)

Sample Designation	MCP Method 1 Risk Standards	044310-SS1	04431-SS2
Sample Type	S-1 / S-2*	Composite	Composite
Sample Depth	For GW-2 and GW-3		Composite
Material		Fill	Fill
pH	No Standard	8.0	8.5
lgnitability	No Standard	>150	>150
Reactive Sulfide	No Standard	ND	ND ND
Reactive Cyanide	No Standard	ND	ND
Total Metals			
Arsenic	20	5 T	5.9
Cadmium	2	ND ND	
Chromium	30 / 200*	17.2	70.4
Lead	300	22.3	209
Mercury	20	ND	ND
TCLP Lead (mg/l)		1,13	0.038
Volatile Organic Compounds		· All ND	All ND
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons			
Fluoranthene	1,000	1.32	1,15
Benzo (a) anthracene	7	0.69	0.53
Benzo (a) pyrene	2	0.68	0.5
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	7	0.66	0.51
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	70	0.46	0.37
Chrysene	7	0.79	0.69
Benzo (ghi) perylene	1,000	0.35	ND ND
Phenanthrene	1,000	0.79	0.57
ndeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	7	0.36	ND
Pyrene	1,000	1.12	1.06
Total PAH		7.22	5.38
PCBs	2	ND I	9.36 ND
Extractable petroleum hydrocarbons (EPH)			140
C9-C18 aliphatics	1,000	ND I	19.7
C19-C36 aliphatics	2,500	75.4	56.5
C11-C22 aromatics	800	231	71.7

Note:

1. * Denotes S-2/GW-2,3 Cleanup Standard

ND - none detected Blank - not analyzed NA - not applicable

Table 2 CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS--GROUNDWATER SAMPLE 454 Brookline Avenue Boston, Massachusetts Job Number 4591

Well designation	MW-2	MAG910000 Effluent Limits	Dilution - FW***
Date Sampled	10/19/2006	1	DF = (Qd + Qs)/Qd = 116.8
pH EPA Method 150.1 Standard Units	6.5	6.5 - 8.3	DF=Dilution Factor
Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)	ND	30 (monthly average)	Qd=Maximum discharge flow rate (cfs)
Total Residual Chlorine (mg/l)	ND	0.02 (monthly average)	Qs=Receiving water flow 7Q10# (cfs)
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs), EPA Method 625 (ug/l)	All ND	Varies from 10 to 100	
Volatile Organics (VOCs), EPA Method 624 (ug/l)	All ND	Varies from 3.2 to 100	1
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) MADEP Method (mg/l)	ND	5.0	- j
Total Metals (mg/l) (see Note 3)		mg/l (monthly avg.)	Total Recoverable Limits (mg/l)
Antimony	ND	0.0056	0.141
Arsenic	0.0014	0.01	0.54
Beryllium	ND	N/S	N/S
Cadmium	0.002	0.0002	0.02
Chromium	0.0006	0.048	1.71##
Copper	0.0052	0.0052	0.52
Lead	ND	0.0013	0.132
Mercury	ND	0.0009	0.0023
Nickel	0.0157	0.029	2.38
Selenium	0.01	0.005	0.408
Silver	0.0017	0.012	0.115
Thallium	ND	N/S	N/S
Zinc	0.193	0.066	1.48

Notes

- 1. Maximum Limit Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons 5 mg/l (5,000 ug/l)
- 2. Maximum BTEX 0.1 mg/l
- 3. Total Metals EPA Method 200.7, Mercury EPA Method 245.2
- 4. ***Dillution Factor for Fresh Water for Tortal Metals per MAG910000 Appendix V.
- 5. #-Qs = 31 cfs. 0.5Qs was used see text.
- 6. ##-- The larger of trivalent and hexavalent chromium



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APPENDIX A

US EPA Notice of Intent and Boston Water and Sewer Commission Permit

B. Suggested Form for Notice of Intent (NOI) for the Remediation General Permit

1. General site information. Please provide the	following information about		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
a) Name of facility/site:		Facility/site address: 454 Brookline Avenue						
454 Brookline Avenue Project c/o J. Derenzo Co.		134 Blookinie Avenue						
	Т							
Location of facility/site : longitude: 3266337 latitude: 4689358	Facility SIC code(s):	Street:						
	N/A	454 Brookline Avenu	e					
b) Name of facility/site owner: Dana Farber Cano	er Institute	Town: Boston						
Email address of owner:		State:	Zip:	County:				
		MA	02115	Suffolk				
Telephone no.of facility/site owner: (866) 408-332	24							
Fax no. of facility/site owner:		Owner is (check one):	Owner is (check one): 1. Federal 2. State/Tribal					
Address of owner (if different from site):		3. Private ✓ 4. other, if so, describe:						
Street: 44 Binney Street		···						
Town: Boston	State: MA	Zip: 02115	County: Suffolk					
c) Legal name of operator: J. Derenzo Co.	Operator	telephone no: (508) 427-644	lephone no: (508) 427-6441					
		fax no.: (508) 427-6488	Operator email: swinn@jderenzo.com					
Operator contact name and title: Steve Winn, Proje	ect Manager							

Address of ope	rator (if different i	rom owner):	Street: 338 Howard Street						
Town: Brockt	on		State: MA	Zip: 02302	County: Plymouth				
1. Has a prior N 2. Has a prior N	PDES application	owing: usion been granted for the discharge (Form 1 & 2C) ever been filed for the "as defined by 40 CFR 122.27 Ye edischarge covered under the MA	ha discharge? V.	on No / : 6 % 22 deter	nd tracking #: c permitting? Yes ✓ No				
e) Is site/facility subject to any State permitting or other action which is causing the generation of discharge? Yes No If "yes," please list: site identification # assigned by the state of NH or MA: permit or license # assigned: state agency contact information: name, location, and telephone number: f) Is the site/facility covered by any other EPA permit, including: multi-sector storm water general permit? Y N if Y, number: individual NPDES permit? Y N if Y, number: any other water quality related permit? Y N if Y, number: 									
2. Discharge i	nformation. Pleas	se provide information about the di	scharge, (attachir	ng additional sheets as needed)	including:				
a) Describe the of Temporary co	discharge activities onstruction dewate	for which the owner/applicant is sering. Effluent will be treated (seding)	eeking coverage: mentation) prior	to discharge (see text)					
		;							
b) Provide the following information about each discharge: 1) Number of discharge points: 2) What is the maximum and average flow rate of discharge (in cubic feet per second, ft³/s)? Max. flow 0.15 Average flow 0.08 Is maximum flow a design value? Y ✓ N For average flow, include the units and appropriate notation if this value is a design value or estimate if not available.									
3) Latitude and lopt.4:long	ongitude of each di lat; pt.5:	scharge within 100 feet: pt.1:long. long lat; pt.6:long	32633 lat.46893 lat	3; pt.2: long. lat; pt.7: long. lat	_; pt.3: long lat; _; pt.8:long lat; etc.				

4) If hydrostatic testing, total volume of the discharge (gals):

5) Is the discharge intermittent ✓ or seasonal ?

Is discharge ongoing Yes No ?

c) Expected dates of discharge (mm/dd/yy): start 12/01/06 end 12/01/07

d) Please attach a line drawing or flow schematic showing water flow through the facility including:

1. sources of intake water, 2. contributing flow from the operation, 3. treatment units, and 4. discharge points and receiving waters(s).

3. Contaminant information. In order to complete this section, the applicant will need to take a minimum of one sample of the untreated water and have it analyzed for all of the parameters listed in Appendix III. Historical data, (i.e., data taken no more than 2 years prior to the effective date of the permit) may be used if obtained pursuant to: i. Massachusetts' regulations 310 CMR 40.0000, the Massachusetts Contingency Plan ("Chapter 21E"); ii. New Hampshire's Title 50 RSA 485-A: Water Pollution and Waste Disposal or Title 50 RSA 485-C: Groundwater Protection Act; or iii. an EPA permit exclusion letter issued pursuant to 40 CFR 122.3, provided the data was analyzed with test methods that meet the requirements of this permit. Otherwise, a new sample shall be taken and analyzed.

a) Based on the analysis of the sample(s) of the untreated influent, the applicant must check the box of the sub-categories that the potential discharge falls within

Gasoline Only	VOC Only	Primarily Metals	Urban Fill Sites ✓	Contaminated Sumps	Mixed Contaminants	Aquifer Testing
Fuel Oils (and	VOC with Other	Petroleum with Other	Listed Contaminated	Contaminated	Hydrostatic Testing of Pipelines/Tanks	Well Development or
Other Oils) only	Contaminants	Contaminants	Sites	Dredge Condensates		Rehabilitation

b) Based on the analysis of the untreated influent, the applicant must indicate whether each listed chemical is believed present or believed absent in the potential

discharge. Attach additional sheets as needed.

PARAMETER	Believe Absent	Believe Present	# of Samples	Type of Sample	Analytical Method	Minimum Level (ML) of	Maximum daily	value	Avg. daily value	
			(1 min- imum)	(e.g., grab)	Used (method #)	Test Method	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)
1. Total Suspended Solids	✓	ļ	1	Grab	160.2		ND			
2. Total Residual Chlorine	✓		ı	Grab	330.1		ND			
3. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	✓		1	grab	1664		ND			
4. Cyanide	✓		1	grab	9014		ND	 -		
5. Benzene	✓		I	grab	624,		ND			
6. Toluene	✓		1	grab	624,		ND			
7. Ethylbenzene	1	-	1	grab	624,		ND			
8. (m,p,o) Xylenes	√		i	grab	624,		ND			
9. Total BTEX4	✓		1	grab	624,		ND		! 	

⁴BTEX = Sum of Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, total Xylenes.

PARAMETER	Believe Absent	Believe Present	# of Samples	Type of Sample (e.g.,	Analytical Method	Minimum Level (ML) of	Maximum daily	value	Avg. daily value	2
			(1 min- imum)	grab)	Used (method #)	Test Method	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)
10. Ethylene Dibromide (1,2- Dibromo-methane)										
11. Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether (MtBE)	1		1	grab	8260		ND	-		
12. tert-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	1						ND			
13. tert-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	1		1	grab	8260		ND		-	
14. Naphthalene	✓		1	grab	625,		ND			
15. Carbon Tetra- chloride	✓		1	grab	624,		ND			
16. 1,4 Dichlorobenzene	✓		1	grab	624,		ND	 		
17. 1,2 Dichlorobenzene	1		1	grab	624		ND			
18. 1,3 Dichlorobenzene	✓		1	grab	624		ND		:	
19. 1,1 Dichloroethane	1		I	grab	624		ND			
20. 1,2 Dichloroethane	√		1	grab	624,		ND		<u> </u>	
21. 1,1 Dichloroethylene	✓		1	grab	8260		ND			
22. cis-1,2 Dichloro- ethylene	1		1	grab	624,		ND	-		-
23. Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)	✓		1	grab	624,		ND			
24. Tetrachloroethylene	1		1	grab	624,		ND			<u> </u>

PARAMETER	Believe Absent	Believe Present	# of Samples	Type of Sample (e.g.,	Analytical Method Used	Minimum Level (ML) of Test	Maximum daily	value	Avg. daily Valu	e
			(1 min- imum)	grab)	(method #)	Method	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)
25. 1,1,1 Trichloroethane	/		I				ND			
26. 1,1,2 Trichloroethane	✓		1				ND	 		
27. Trichloroethylene	1		1		1		ND			
28. Vinyl Chloride	✓		1				ND			
29. Acetone	✓		1	grab	624	1.0	ND			
30. 1,4 Dioxane	✓		1				ND			
31. Total Phenois	1		1				ND			
32. Pentachlorophenol	✓		1				ND		<u>.</u>	
33. Total Phthalates 5 (Phthalate esthers)	✓						ND			
34. Bis (2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate [Di- (ethylhexyl) Phthalate]	1									
35. Total Group I Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)							ND			
a. Benzo(a) Anthracene	✓		1	grab	8270	0.5	ND			
b. Benzo(a) Pyrene	✓		i	grab	8270	0.5	ND			
c. Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	1		1	grab	8270	0.5	ND			
d. Benzo(k) Fluoranthene	✓		1	grab	8270	0.5	ND		<u> </u>	
e. Chrysene	1		1	grab	8270	0.5	ND			-

⁵The sum of individual phthalate compounds.

PARAMETER	Believe Absent	Believe Present	# of Samples	Type of Sample (e.g.,	Analytical Method Used	Minimum Level (ML) of	Maximum daily	value	Average daily v	alue
			(1 min- imum)	grab)	(method #)	Test Method	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)
f. Dibenzo(a,h) anthracene	. 🗸		1	grab	8270	0.05	ND			
g. Indeno(1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	1		1	grab	8270	0.05	ND			
36. Total Group II Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)	1		1				ND			
h. Acenaphthene	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
i. Acenaphthylene	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
j. Anthracene	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
k. Benzo(ghi) Perylene	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
l. Fluoranthene	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
m. Fluorene	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
n. Naphthalene-	✓		1	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
o. Phenanthrene	✓		í	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
p. Pyrene	✓		i	grab	8270	5.5	ND			
37. Total Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)	✓		1	grab						
38. Antimony	✓		1	grab	6010		ND	-	·	†-
39. Arsenic		✓	1	grab	6010		1.4E-6	Neg.		
40. Cadmium		✓	1	grab	6010		2E-6	Neg.		
41. Chromium III		✓	1	grab	6010		6E-7	Neg.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
42. Chromium VI			1	grab	6010	-				

PARAMETER	Believe Absent	Believe Present	# of Samples	Type of Sample (e.g.,	Analytical Method	Minimum Level (ML) of	Maximum daily	value	Avg. daily value	e
			(1 min- imum)	grab)	Used (method #)	Test Method	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)	concentration (ug/l)	mass (kg)
43. Copper		✓	1	grab	6010	0.00001	5.2E-6	Neg.		
44. Lead	✓		1	grab	6010	0.00001	ND			
45. Mercury	✓		1	grab	6010		ND			-
46. Nickel		✓	1	grab	6010		1.6E-6	Neg.	·	
47. Selenium	✓		1	grab	6010		ND			
48. Silver		✓	1	grab	6010		1.7E-6			
49. Zinc	1		1	grab	6010		2E-3	Neg.		
50. Iron								 		
Other (describe):								 		
Other (describe):										

c) For discharges where metals are believed present, please fill out the following: Step 1: Do any of the metals in the influent have a reasonable potential to exceed the If yes, which metals? effluent limits in Appendix III (i.e., the limits set at zero to five dilutions)? $Y_N = N$ Step 2: For any metals which have reasonable potential to exceed the Appendix III limits, Look up the limit calculated at the corresponding dilution factor in calculate the dilution factor (DF) using the formula in Part I.A.3.c) (step 2) of the NOI Appendix IV. Do any of the metals in the influent have the potential to instructions or as determined by the State prior to the submission of this NOI. exceed the corresponding effluent limits in Appendix IV (i.e., is the What is the dilution factor for applicable metals? influent concentration above the limit set at the calculated dilution Metals: factor)? Y___N ✓ If "Yes," list which metals: 116. DF:

4. Treatment system informa											
a) A description of the treatm	nent system, inc	luding a schemat	ic of the proposed of	or existing treatment sy	stem:						
See text.											
											
b) Identify each applicable	Frac. tank	Air stripper	Oil/water	separator	Equalization tanks	Bag filter	GAC filter				
treatment unit (check all that apply):	1					/					
11.00		-									
Chlorination Dechlorination Other (please describe): Cyanide destruction by hipochlorine, pH manipulation (see text)											
			Cyanide d	est action by impochion	ine, ph manipulation	(see text)					
c) Proposed average and may	vi	4									
c) Proposed average and max Average flow rate of discharge	ge 30-40	tes (gallons per n Maximum flow	ninute) for the disclerate of treatment sy	targe and the design flowstern 60	ow rate(s) (gallons per	minute) of the treatn	ient system:				
					esign flow rate of trea	unent system 150					
d) A description of chemical	additives being	used or planned i	to be used (attach M	ISDS sheets):							
		····									
S. Receiving surface water(s).	Please provide	information abo	ut the receiving wa	ter(s), using separate sl	heets as necessary:						
a) Identify the discharge pathy	way:	Direct	Within facility_	Storm drain ✓	River/brook	Wetlands	Other (describe):				
							Ciner (describe).				
						<u> </u>					
) Provide a narrative description of the discharge pathway, including the name(s) of the receiving waters:										
The effluent will be discharged	he effluent will be discharged into a storm drain which discharges into Muddy River and ultimately into the Charles River.										
_											

c) Attach a detailed map(s) indicating the site location and location of the outfall to the receiving water: 1. For multiple discharges, number the discharges sequentially. 2. For indirect dischargers, indicate the location of the discharge to the indirect conveyance and the discharge to surface water. The man should also include the location and distance to the received with the location and distance to the received with the location and distance to the received with the location and distance to the receiving water:
The map should also include the location and distance to the nearest sanitary sewer as well as the locus of nearby sensitive receptors (based on USGS topographical mapping), such as surface waters, drinking water supplies, and wetland areas.
d) Provide the state water quality classification of the receiving water B,
e) Provide the reported or calculated seven day-ten year low flow (7Q10) of the receiving water 15.5 cfs Please attach any calculation sheets used to support stream flow and dilution calculations.
f) Is the receiving water a listed 303(d) water quality impaired or limited water? Yes No_✓ If yes, for which pollutant(s)?
Is there a TMDL? Yes No_✓ If yes, for which pollutant(s)?
6. Results of Consultation with Federal Services: Please provide the following information according to requirements of Part I.B.4 and Appendices II and VII.
a) Are any listed threatened or endangered species, or designated critical habitat, in proximity to the discharge? YesNo _ Has any consultation with the federal services been completed? No _ No _ Or is consultation underway? No _ What were the results of the consultation with the U.S. Fish and Whelife Service and/or National Marine Fisheries Service (cheek one): a "no jeopardy" opinion?or written concurrence on a finding that the discharges are not likely to adversely affect any endangered species or critical habitat?
b) Are any historic properties listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places located on the facility or site or in proximity to the discharge? Yes No ✓ Have any state or tribal historic preservation officer been consulted in this determination (Massachusetts only)? Yes No ✓

7. Supplemental information. :		
Please provide any supplemental information. See enclosed text, figures, tables, laboratory d	Attach any analytical data used to support the application.	Attach any certification(s) required by the general permit.
and the second s	ara succis	

8. Signature Requirements: The Notice of Intent must be signed by the operator in accordance with the signatory requirements of 40 CFR Section 122.22, including the following certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, I certify that the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I certify that I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Facility/Site Name: 454 Brookline Avenue Project c/o J. Derenzo Co.

Operator signature:

Title:

Date: 1103/06

Boston Water and Sewer Commission's Dewatering Discharge Permit Application

Facility/	/Business Name: 454 Brookline Avenue c/o J. Derenzo Co.
Mailing	Address: 338 Howard Street, Brockton, MA 02302
Authori	ized Representative concerning information provided herein:
Name:	Mr. Steve Winn Title: Proj. Mgr.
Phone #	#: 508-427-6441 Beeper #: Fax #:
Owner o	of property being dewatered: Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
Location	n of Discharge:
Street 4	454 Brookline Avenue Neighborhood JP/Fenway Phone#
Dischar	rge is to a: Sanitary Sewer Combined Sewer Storm Drain (Circle Or
	Outfall #: SD0161 Receiving Waters: Muddy River
Tempor	rary Discharges: 12/1/2006 To 12/30/2007 (Provide anticipated dates of discharge
Gro	oundwater Remediation Tank Removal/Installation X Foundation Excavation
Util	lity/Manhole Pumping Test Pit Trench Excavation
Acc	cum. Surface Water Hydrogeologic Testing Other
Perman	ent Discharges:
Fou	andation Drainage Crawl Space/Footing Drain.
Acc	cumulated Surface Water Non-contact/Uncontaminated Cooling
Non	n-contact/Uncontaminated Process Other
1.	Attach a Site Plan showing the source of the discharge and the location of the point of discharge (i. the sewer pipe or catch basin). Include meter type, meter number, size, make and start reading. A discharges are assessed current sewer charges.
2.	If discharging to a sanitary or combined sewer, attach a copy of MWRA's Sewer Use Discharge permit or application.
3.	If discharging to a separate storm drain attached a copy of EPA's NPDES Permit or NOI application, or NPDES Permit exclusion letter for the discharge, as well as other relevant information.
4.	Dewatering Drainage Permit will be denied or revoked if applicant fails to obtain the necessary permits from MWRA or EPA.
Submit	Manager, Engineering Customer Services Fax: 617-989-7716 Boston Water and Sewer Commission 980 Harrison Ave. Boston, MA 02119
Date Re	BWSC Use Only————————————————————————————————————



APPENDIX B

GEI Geotechnical Investigation Report



APPENDIX C

Groundwater Chemical Test Data

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220 www.alphalab.com

MA:M-MA086 NH:200301-A CT:PH-0574 ME:MA086 RI:65 NY:11148 NJ:MA935 Army:USACE

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: McPhail Associates

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Address: 30 Norfolk Street

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received: 19-OCT-2006

Attn:

Mr. Ambrose Donovan

Date Reported: 26-OCT-2006

Project Number: 4591

Delivery Method: Alpha

Site:

454 BROOKLINE AVE

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER

CLIENT IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE LOCATION

L0615129-01

WELL MW-2

BOSTON

I, the undersigned, attest under the pains and penalties of perjury that, based upon my personal inquiry of those responsible for obtaining the information, the material contained in this report is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, accurate and complete. This certificate of analysis is not complete unless this page accompanies any and all pages of this report.

Authorized by: M. M. Marine Technical Representative

10260617:20 Page 1 of 16

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES NARRATIVE REPORT

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

The samples were received in accordance with the chain of custody and no significant deviations were encountered during preparation or analysis unless otherwise noted below.

Volatile Organics

The LCS % recovery for Acrolein is above the acceptance criteria for the method.

10260617:20 Page 2 of 16

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

MA:M-MA086 NH:200301-A CT:PH-0574 ME:MA086 RI:65 NY:11148 NJ:MA935 Army:USACE

Laboratory Sample Number: L0615129-01

Date Collected: 19-OCT-2006 00:00

WELL MW-2

Date Received: 19-OCT-2006

Sample Matrix:

WATER

Date Reported: 26-OCT-2006

Condition of Sample: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: 4-Amber, 3-Plastic, 2-Vial

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DA	TE	ID
						PREP	ANAL	
Solids, Total Suspended	ND	mg/l	5.0	4	160.2		1024 15:5	0 DW
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND	mg/l	0.05	4	330.1		1020 20:5	0 DP
рН	6.5	su	-	4	150.1		1019 18:3	5 DP
ГРН	ND	mg/l	4.00	74	1664A	1023 15:30	1024 12:3	O AT
Total Metals								
Antimony, Total	ND	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Arsenic, Total	0.0014	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Beryllium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Cadmium, Total	0.0020	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Chromium, Total	0.0006	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Copper, Total	0.0052	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Lead, Total	ND	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Mercury, Total	ND	mg/l	0.0002	1	7470A	1023 20:00	1024 11:5	1 DM
Nickel, Total	0.0157	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Selenium, Total	0.010	mg/l	0.001	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Silver, Total	0.0017	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Thallium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.0005	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Zinc, Total	0.0193	mg/l	0.0100	1	6020	1020 18:00	1021 01:2	0 BM
Volatile Organics by GC/MS	624			5	624		1024 15:5	8 MM
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/l	5.0					
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5					
Chloroform	ND	ug/l	1.5					
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/l	1.0					
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/l	3.5					
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ug/l	1.0					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5					
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	ND	ug/l	10.					
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.5					
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	3.5					
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/l	5.0					
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	2.0					
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/l	1.0					

Comments: Complete list of References and Glossary of Terms found in Addendum I

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Laboratory Sample Number: L0615129-01

WELL MW-2

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF METHOD	DATE ID PREP ANAL
<u> </u>					
Volatile Organics by GC/MS 6	524 cont'd			5 624	1024 15:58 MM
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/l	1.5		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/l	1.5		
Bromoform	ND	ug/l	1.0		
l,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Benzene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Toluene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Sthylbenzene	ND	ug/1	1.0		
Chloromethane	ND	ug/l	10.		
Bromomethane	ND	ug/l	5.0		
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/l	2.0		
Chloroethane	ND	ug/l	2.0		
l,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.5		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Trichloroethene	ND ·	ug/l	1.0		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		
p/m-Xylene	ND	ug/l	2.0		
o-xylene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Kylene (Total)	ND	ug/l	2.0		
Styrene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Acetone	ND	ug/l	10.		
Carbon disulfide	ND	ug/l	5.0		
2-Butanone	ND	ug/l	10.		
Vinyl acetate	ND	ug/l	20.		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	ND	ug/l	10.		
2-Hexanone	ND	ug/l	10.		
Acrolein	ND	ug/l	8.0		
Acrylonitrile	ND	ug/l	10.		
Gurrogate(s)	Recovery		QC Cr	iteria	
Pentafluorobenzene	106	૪	80-120	0	
Fluorobenzene	106	%	80-120	0	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	117	%	80-12	0	
PAH by GC/MS SIM 8270M				1 8270C-M	1023 19:45 1024 21:57 RL
Acenaphthene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Fluoranthene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Naphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Benzo(a) pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Benzo(b) fluoranthene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Benzo(k) fluoranthene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Chrysene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Acenaphthylene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Anthracene	ND	ug/l	0.19		
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND	ug/1	0.19		

Comments: Complete list of References and Glossary of Terms found in Addendum I

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Laboratory Sample Number: L0615129-01

WELL MW-2

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF METHOD	DA.	re i	D
					PREP ANAL		
PAH by GC/MS SIM 8270M con	t'd		,	1 8270C-M	1023 19:45	1024 21:57 R	RL
Fluorene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Phenanthrene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Perylene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Biphenyl	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Benzo(e)Pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.19				
Surrogate(s)	Recovery		QC Cri	teria			
Nitrobenzene-d5	81.0	%	23-120	ı			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	73.0	%	43-120	l			
4-Terphenyl-d14	81.0	%	33-120	İ			

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	Value 1	Value 2	Units	RPD	RPD Limits
Solids, Total Suspended	al Suspended fo	or sample(s) 01 (L0615 mg/l	052-01, NC	WG258070-2) 20
_					
Chlorine, To Chlorine, Total Residual	otal Residual fo ND	or sample(s ND) 01 (L06 1 5 mg/l	NC	WG257807-3)
r	oH for sample(s) 01 (L0615	129-01, WG2	57640-2)	
рн	6.5	6.5	SU	0	
_					•
	PH for sample(
ТРН	ND	ND	mg/l	NC	34
Total	Metals for sam	ple(s) 01 (L0615070-02	. WG2577	746-1)
Lead, Total	0.0174	0.0174	mg/l	0	20
			-		
Total	Metals for sam	ple(s) 01 (L0615129-01	., WG2579	92-3)
Mercury, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC	20
	حد مصداعمهم و	4 6	- / - \ 67 / - 3		.t .t/205050 0\
Volatile Organi	=				
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND 	ug/l	NC	30
Chloroform	ND	ND	ug/1	NC	30
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ug/1	NC	30
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ug/1	NC	30
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC NC	30 30
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ug/l ug/l	NC NC	30
	ND	ND	-	NC NC	30
1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND ND	ND ND	ug/l ug/l	NC NC	30
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	ug/1 ug/l	NC NC	30
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND ND	ND	ug/1 ug/l	NC	30
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ug/l ug/l	NC NC	30
Bromoform	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Benzene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Toluene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Bromomethane	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Chloroethane	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	2.9	ug/l	NC	30
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	Value 1	Value 2	Units	RPD	RPD Limits
Volatile Organic	s by GC/MS 624	for samp	le(s) 01	(L0615129-0	1, WG258258-2)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
p/m-Xylene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
o-Xylene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
XYLENE (TOTAL)	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Styrene	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Acetone	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
2-Butanone	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
2-Hexanone	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Acrolein	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Acrylonitrile	ND	ND	ug/l	NC	30
Surrogate(s)	Recov	ery			QC Criteria
Pentafluorobenzene	106	99.0	%		80-120
Fluorobenzene	106	102	%		80-120
4-Bromofluorobenzene	117	111	%		80-120

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	% Recovery	QC Criteria
Chlorine, Total	Residual LCS for sample(s)	01 (WG257807-2)
Chlorine, Total Residual	100	
-	S for sample(s) 01 (WG2576	40-1)
рН	100	
TDU IC	S for sample(s) 01 (WG2579	87-31
TPH LC	.s for sample(s) of (wG2579) 95	64-132
IFA	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	04 132
Total Meta	ls LCS for sample(s) 01 (W	G257746-4)
Antimony, Total	91	80-120
Arsenic, Total	95	80-120
Beryllium, Total	97	80-120
Cadmium, Total	101	80-120
Chromium, Total	98	80-120
Copper, Total	95	80-120
Lead, Total	99	80-120
Nickel, Total	97	80-120
Selenium, Total	95	80-120
Silver, Total	91	80-120
Thallium, Total	93	80-120
Zinc, Total	98	80-120
Total Meta	ls LCS for sample(s) 01 (W	G257992-1)
Mercury, Total	104	85-115
	by GC/MS 624 LCS for sample	(s) 01 (WG258258-3)
Methylene chloride	106	10-221
1,1-Dichloroethane	115	10-221 59-155
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform	115 105	10-221 59-155 51-138
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride	115 105 114	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane	115 105 114 115	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane	115 105 114 115 102	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	115 105 114 115 102 102	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	115 105 114 115 102 102	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112 92	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183 10-227
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112 92 104	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183 10-227 45-169
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112 92 104 99	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183 10-227 45-169 46-157
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Benzene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112 92 104 99	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183 10-227 45-169 46-157 37-151
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Benzene Toluene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112 92 104 99 96 111	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183 10-227 45-169 46-157 37-151 47-150
1,1-Dichloroethane Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloropropane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Bromodichloromethane trans-1,3-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Benzene	115 105 114 115 102 102 101 100 101 98 107 116 112 92 104 99	10-221 59-155 51-138 70-140 10-210 53-149 52-150 10-305 64-148 37-160 17-181 49-155 52-162 35-155 17-183 10-227 45-169 46-157 37-151

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	% Recovery	QC Criteria	-
Volatile Organics by GC/MS	3 624 LCS for sample	(s) 01 (WG258258-3)	
Bromomethane	133	10-242	
Vinyl chloride	100	10-251	
Chloroethane	104	14-230	
1,1-Dichloroethene	96	10-234	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	107	54-156	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	108	60-140	
Trichloroethene	121	71-157	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100	18-190	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	100	59-156	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	103	18-190	
p/m-Xylene	104	40-160	
o-Xylene	102	40-160	
XYLENE (TOTAL)	104	40-160	
Styrene	103	40-160	
Acetone	131	40-160	
Carbon disulfide	102	40-160	
2-Butanone	118	40-160	
Vinyl acetate	73	40-160	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	101	40-160	
2-Hexanone	97	40-160	
Acrolein	173	40-160	
Acrylonitrile	113	40-160	
Surrogate(s)			
Pentafluorobenzene	98	80-120	
Fluorobenzene	101	80-120	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	99	80-120	
PAH by GC/MS SIM 8270M	=		
Acenaphthene	75	46-118	
2-Chloronaphthalene	80		
Fluoranthene	86		
Anthracene	102		
Pyrene	82	26-127	
Surrogate(s)			
Nitrobenzene-d5	86	23-120	•
2-Fluorobiphenyl	76	43-120	
4-Terphenyl-d14	85	33-120	
Total Metals SPIKE for sa	_		
Antimony, Total	92	80-120	
Arsenic, Total	99	80-120	
Beryllium, Total	95	80-120	
Cadmium, Total	110	80-120	
Chromium, Total	97	80-120	
Copper, Total	94	80-120	
Lead, Total	99	80-120	

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	% Recovery	QC Criteria
Total Metals SPIKE for sample	(s) 01 (L0615070	-02. WG257746-2)
Nickel, Total	95	80-120
Selenium, Total	92	80-120
Silver, Total	94	80-120
Thallium, Total	94	80-120
Zinc, Total	100	80-120
Zinc, local	100	30-120
Total Metals SPIKE for sample		
Mercury, Total	116	70-130
Volatile Organics by GC/MS 624 SPIKE f		
Methylene chloride	112	10-221
1,1-Dichloroethane	134	59-155
Chloroform	113	51-138
Carbon tetrachloride	138	70-140
1,2-Dichloropropane	128	10-210
Dibromochloromethane	104	53-149
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	54	52-150
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	108	10-305
Tetrachloroethene	110	64-148
Chlorobenzene	106	37-160
Trichlorofluoromethane	119	17-181
1,2-Dichloroethane	116	49-155
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	133	52-162
Bromodichloromethane	115	35-155
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	96	17-183
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	104	10-227
Bromoform	93	45-169
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	99	46-157
Benzene	122	35-151
Toluene	112	47-150
Ethylbenzene	113	37-162
Chloromethane	126	10-273
Bromomethane	113	10-242
Vinyl chloride	124	10-251
Chloroethane	126	14-230
		10-234
1,1-Dichloroethene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	108 114	54-156
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	102	60-140
Trichloroethene	126	71-157
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	102	18-190
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	103	59-156
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	104	18-190
p/m-Xylene	112	40-160
o-Xylene	110	40-160
XYLENE (TOTAL)	112	40-160
Styrene	108	40-160
Acetone	113	40-160
Carbon disulfide	111	40-160

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	% Recovery	QC Criteria
Volatile Organics by GC/MS 624 SPIKE	for sample(s) 01	. (L0615039-01, WG258258-1)
2-Butanone	116	40-160
Vinyl acetate	75	40-160
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	104	40-160
2-Hexanone	96	40-160
Acrolein	160	40-160
Acrylonitrile	123	40-160
Surrogate(s)		
Pentafluorobenzene	95	80-120
Fluorobenzene	99	80-120
4-Bromofluorobenzene	100	80-120

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

Parameter	MS %	MSD %	RPD	RPD Limit	MS/MSD Limits
PAH by GC/MS SIM 8270	OM for sample(s)	01 (L06151	.29-01,	WG258017-4)	
Acenaphthene	86	82	5	40	46-118
2-Chloronaphthalene	91	86	6	40	
Fluoranthene	110	110	0	40	
Anthracene	120	120	0	40	
Pyrene	100	100	0	40	26-127
Surrogate(s)					
Nitrobenzene-d5	94	91	3		23-120
2-Fluorobiphenyl	88	84	5		43-120
4-Terphenyl-d14	112	114	2		33-120

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

PARAMETER		RESULT		UNITS		RDL REF		METHOD	DATE			ID	
									PR	EP	AN	AL	
	Blank	Analysis	for	sample(s)	01	(WG2580	70-1)	•					
Solids, Total Sus	spended	ND		mg/l		5.0	4	160.2			1024	15:50	DW
	Blank	Analysis	for	sample(s)	01	(WG2578	07-1))					
Chlorine, Total F	Residua	J ND		mg/l		0.05	4	330.1			1020	20:50	DP
	Blank	Analysis	for	sample(s)	01	(WG2579	87-1))					
PH		ND		mg/l		4.00		1664A	1023 1	5:30	1024	12:30	AT
Cotal Metals	Blank	Analysis	for	sample(s)	01	(WG2577	46-3))					
Antimony, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8 - 00	1021	00.30	ВΜ
Arsenic, Total		ND		mg/1		0.0005	1		1020 1				
Beryllium, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005		6020	1020 1				
Cadmium, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1				
Chromium, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	вм
Copper, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	вм
∟ead, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	вм
Nickel, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	вм
Selenium, Total		ND		mg/l		0.001	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	вм
Silver, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	BM
Thallium, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0005	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	вм
Zinc, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0100	1	6020	1020 1	8:00	1021	00:30	BM
Total Metals	Blank	Analysis	for	sample(s)	01	(WG2579	92-4))					
Mercury, Total		ND		mg/l		0.0002	1	7470A	1023 2	0:00	1024	11:47	DM
			for	sample(s)	01	(WG2582	58-4))					
Olatile Organics							5	624			1024	14:46	MM
Methylene chloric		ND		ug/l		5.0							
	10	ND		ug/l		1.5							
L,1-Dichloroethar		3				1.5							
L,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform		ND		ug/l									
1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor	ride	ND		ug/l		1.0							
.,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor L,2-Dichloropropa	ride ane	ND ND		ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5							
1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor 1,2-Dichloropropa Dibromochlorometh	ride ane nane	ND ND		ug/l ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5 1.0							
1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor 1,2-Dichloropropa Dibromochlorometh 1,1,2-Trichloroet	ride ane nane chane	ND ND ND		ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5 1.0 1.5							
1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor 1,2-Dichloropropa Dibromochlorometh 1,1,2-Trichloroet 2-Chloroethylviny	ride ane nane thane yl ethe:	ND ND ND ND		ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5 1.0 1.5							
1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor 1,2-Dichloropropa Dibromochlorometh 1,1,2-Trichloroet 2-Chloroethylviny Tetrachloroethene	ride ane nane thane yl ethe:	ND ND ND ND T ND		ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5 1.0 1.5 10.							
1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor 1,2-Dichloroprope Dibromochlorometh 1,1,2-Trichloroet 2-Chloroethylving Tetrachloroetne Chlorobenzene	ride ane nane thane yl ethe:	ND ND ND r ND ND		ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5 1.0 1.5 10. 1.5 3.5							
Methylene chlorid 1,1-Dichloroethar Chloroform Carbon tetrachlor 1,2-Dichloropropa Dibromochlorometh 1,1,2-Trichloroet 2-Chloroethylviny Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Trichlorofluoromet 1,2-Dichloroethar	ride ane nane thane yl ethe: e	ND ND ND ND T ND		ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l		1.0 3.5 1.0 1.5 10.							

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF METHOD	DATE ID
The state of the s	lysis for sa	ample(s) 01	(WG2582	58-4)	
$ ilde{ ilde{O}}$ olatile Organics by GC/MS $ ilde{ ilde{O}}$	624 cont'd			5 624	1024 14:46 MM
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/l	1.0		
rans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/l	1.5		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/l	1.5		
Bromoform	ND	ug/l	1.0		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Benzene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Coluene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Chloromethane	ND	ug/l	10.		
Bromomethane	ND	ug/l	5.0		
inyl chloride	ND	ug/l	2.0		
Chloroethane	ND	ug/l	2.0		
,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.5		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
richloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		
,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		
,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		
o/m-Xylene	ND	ug/l	2.0		
o-xylene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
(Ylene (Total)	ND	ug/l	2.0		
Styrene	ND	ug/l	1.0		
Acetone	ND	ug/l	10.		
Carbon disulfide	ND	ug/l	5.0		
2-Butanone	ND	ug/l	10.		
Jinyl acetate	ND	ug/l	20.		
-Methyl-2-pentanone	ND	ug/l	10.		
2-Hexanone	ND	ug/l	10.		
Acrolein	ND	ug/l	8.0		
acrylonitrile	ND	ug/l	10.		
Surrogate(s)	Recovery		QC Cri	teria	
Pentafluorobenzene	94.0	ક	80-120		
Fluorobenzene	97.0	%	80-120		
l-Bromofluorobenzene	106	%	80-120		
	lysis for s	ample(s) 0:	L (WG2580	17-1)	
PAH by GC/MS SIM 8270M				1 8270C-M	
Acenaphthene	ND	ug/l	0.20		
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.20		
luoranthene	ND	ug/l	0.20		
Naphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.20		
Benzo(a) anthracene	ND	ug/l	0.20		
	ND	ug/l	0.20		
Benzo(a)pyrene		45/ +	0.20		

Laboratory Job Number: L0615129

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	RDL	REF	METHOD	DA	TE	ID
						PREP	ANAL	
Blank An	alvsis for	sample(s) 01	. (WG258	017-1)				
PAH by GC/MS SIM 8270M con		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		8270C-M	1023 19:45	1024 21:1	0 RL
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Chrysene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Acenaphthylene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Anthracene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Fluorene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Phenanthrene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Perylene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Biphenyl	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Benzo(e)Pyrene	ND	ug/l	0.20					
Surrogate(s)	Recover	У	QC Cr	iteria				
Nitrobenzene-d5	86.0	- % .	23-120	0				
2-Fluorobiphenyl	76.0	%	43-120)				
4-Terphenyl-d14	85.0	ક	33-120)				

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES ADDENDUM I

REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. Third Edition. Updates I IIIA, 1997.
- Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-79-020.
 Revised March 1983.
- 5. Methods for the Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Wastewater. Appendix A, Part 136, 40 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations).
- 74. Method 1664, Revision A: N-Hexane Extractable Material (HEM; Oil & Grease) and Silica Gel Treated N-Hexane Extractable Material (SGT-HEM; Non-polar Material) by Extraction and Gravimetry, EPA-821-R-98-002, February 1999.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND SYMBOLS

REF Reference number in which test method may be found.

METHOD Method number by which analysis was performed.

ID Initials of the analyst.

ND Not detected in comparison to the reported detection limit.

NI Not Ignitable.

ug/cart Micrograms per Cartridge.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

Alpha Analytical, Inc. performs services with reasonable care and diligence normal to the analytical testing laboratory industry. In the event of an error, the sole and exclusive responsibility of Alpha Analytical, Inc., shall be to re-perform the work at it's own expense. In no event shall Alpha Analytical, Inc. be held liable for any incidental consequential or special damages, including but not limited to, damages in any way connected with the use of, interpretation of, information or analysis provided by Alpha Analytical, Inc.

We strongly urge our clients to comply with EPA protocol regarding sample volume, preservation, cooling, containers, sampling procedures, holding times and splitting of samples in the field.

10260617:20 Page 16 of 16

		PAGEOF	Date Rec'd in L	.ab: 10/1	g ALPI	1A Job#: LOG (17/29
Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, MA 01581	Project Information			ation - Data Delive		g Information
EL: 508-898-9220 FAX: 508-898-9193	Project Name: 4548		FAX DEX	☐ EMAIL ☐ Add'l Deliverable		e as Client info PO #:
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none:	Turn-AroundTime					NS MUST BE ANSWERED
ax:	To n-Aroting time		Yes No	Are Drinking Water		d?
nail:		(only confirmed if pre-approved!)	Yes No	Haye you met mini	num field QC requi	rements?
These samples have been previously analyzed by	Alpha Date Due: 16/26/0	Time:	3/0/		////	SAMPLE HANDLING Filtration
ther Project Specific Requirements/Co	Howlebuts V	egured	# V.			Done Not needed Lab to do Preservation Lab to do
LPHA Lab D ab Use Only) Sample ID	Collection Date Time	Sample Sampler's				(Please specify below) Sample Specific Comments
129.1 100ell UL	V-2 (10-19-06)	H 7 132				/ Sample operations
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ESTIONS ABOVE MUST BE ANSWERED FO	R PRESUMPTIVE CERTAINTY	Container Type	MY M			Please print clearly, legibly and completely. Samples can not be
IS YOUR PROJECT MCP?	(Slip dished By	Preservative Date/Time	ASA /	wed By:	Date/Time	logged in and turnaround time clock
	## ## · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L Patter I HITO	/ Recei	proju Dy. 🐪 🦯	1	respect. All samples submitted ar